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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/071,452	02/08/2002	Joseph P. Burke	010493	9954

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Qualcomm Incorporated
Patents Department
5775 Morehouse Drive
San Diego, CA 92121-1714

EXAMINER

LE, DANH C

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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2683

10

DATE MAILED: 09/10/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/071,452

Applicant(s)

BURKE ET AL.

Examiner

DANH C LE

Art Unit

2683

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 June 2004.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-8 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-8 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

2. **Claims 5-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Harrison (US 2003/0125002)**

As to claim 5, Harrison teaches a receiver (figure 5, 504) for receiving a data signal transmitted from at least two transmit antennas (figure 4, 404, 406) and through at least two transmit paths, the receiver comprising:

means for measuring channel information (506) corresponding to each combination of one of the at least two transmit antennas and one the at least two transmit paths wherein the data signal transmitted through each of said at least two transmit antenna is adjusted based on pre-correction delays (517) and weight (507);
and

means for transmitting (512) said channel information.

As to claim 6, the claim is a method claim of claim 5; therefore, the claim is interpreted and rejected as set forth in claim 5.

As to claim 7, the claim is a computer claim of claim 5; therefore, the claim is interpreted and rejected as set forth in claim 5.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. **Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Harrison in view of Hakkinen (US 6,763,011)**

As to claim 1, Harrison teaches a transmitter for transmitting a signal to a subscriber station through at least two transmit antennas (figure 4 and paragraph 45-47), the transmitter comprising:

means for transmitting a distinguishable pilot signal (P1, P2) through each of the at least two transmit antennas (404, 406),

means for receiving channel estimate information (438, 440) corresponding to said per-antenna pilot signals;

means for generating weights based on said channel estimate information (430),
and

means for transmitting a data signal through the at least two transmit antennas based on said weights (paragraph 48).

Harrison fails to teach generating and transmitting pre-correction delays with the weight. Hakkinen teaches generating and transmitting pre-correction delays with the weight (figure 4, 408, 409, 411). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the teaching of Hakkinen into the system of Harrison in order to preserve the correct synchronization between uplink and downlink slots and frames as Hakkinen suggested (col.3, lines 19-37).

As to claim 2, the claim is a method claim of claim 1; therefore, the claim is interpreted and rejected as set forth in claim 1.

As to claim 3, the claim is a computer claim of claim 1; therefore, the claim is interpreted and rejected as set forth in claim 1.

As to claim 4, Harrison inherently teaches a base station apparatus (figure 4) comprising:

- at least two transmit antennas (404, 406);

- a mixer (412-116) corresponding to each of said at least two transmit antennas, for applying a per-antenna cover code to a pilot signal to be transmitted through each of said at least two transmit antennas;

- receiver (432) for receiving channel estimate information corresponding to said per-antenna pilot signals for at least two transmit paths per transmit antenna;

- processor (430) for generating weights based on said channel estimate information; and

a transmitter corresponding to each of said at least two transmit antennas, for transmitting a data signal through said at least two transmit antennas, wherein the data signal transmitted through each of said at least two transmit antennas is adjusted based on said weights (paragraph 48).

Harrison fails to teach generating and transmitting pre-correction delays with the weight. Hakkinen teaches generating and transmitting pre-correction delays with the weight (figure 4, 408, 409, 411). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the teaching of Hakkinen into the system of Harrison in order to preserve the correct synchronization between uplink and downlink slots and frames as Hakkinen suggested (col.3, lines 19-37).

5. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Harrison in view of Dobrica (US 6,070,086).

As to claim 8, Harrison teaches remote station (figure 5, 504) apparatus for receiving signals transmitted from at least two transmit antennas (figure 4, 404, 406) and through at least two transmit paths, the apparatus comprising:

at least channel information (506), wherein channel information measures channel information corresponding to a signal received through a different combination of one of the at least two transmit antennas and one of the at least two transmit paths; and

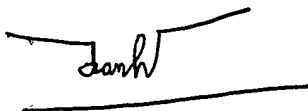
channel estimate processor (figure 6) for generating channel estimate information based on said measured channel information.

Harrison fails to teach at least four channel estimators. Dobrica teaches at least four channel estimators (figure 2, 41-46). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the teaching of Dobrica into the system of Harrison in order to obtain the carrier reference for detecting and measuring the input signals.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to DANH C LE whose telephone number is 703-306-0542. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00AM-5:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, WILLIAM TROST can be reached on 703-308-5318. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'danh', is written above a horizontal line.

August 21, 2004.